ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD March 2, 2006

IN THE MATTER OF:)	
)	
PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO)	R05-20
EXEMPTIONS FROM STATE)	(Rulemaking - Air)
PERMITTING REQUIREMENTS)	
FOR PLASTIC INJECTION MOLDING)	
OPERATIONS)	
(35 ILL. ADM. CODE 201.146))	

Adopted Rule. Final Order.

OPINION AND ORDER OF THE BOARD (by N.J. Melas):

Today the Board adopts the proposed rule for final notice pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act (IAPA) (5 ILCS 100/5-5 *et seq*. (2004)). The adopted rule is unchanged from the rule proposed for second notice.

The Board's authority in rulemaking proceedings stems from Section 5(b) of the Environmental Protection Act (Act) (415 ILCS 5/5 (2004)), which provides that the Board "shall determine, define and implement the environmental control standards applicable in the State of Illinois and may adopt rules and regulations in accordance with Title VII of the Act." 415 ILCS 5/5(b) (2004). Title VII of the Act sets forth the statutory parameters for rulemaking by the Board. 415 ILCS 5/26-29 (2004). The Board may adopt a rule after hearing and determination of the economic reasonableness and technical feasibility of the rule. *See* 415 ILCS 5/27 (2004). The Board's decision is based on the record before the Board including all testimony and comments filed with the Board. 35 Ill. Adm. Code 102.418.

The Board received no public comments during the second-notice period, and the proposal adopted here is substantively unchanged from that adopted in the Board's January 5, 2006 second-notice opinion and order. In this opinion, the Board provides the background of this rulemaking, an overview of the proposed exemptions, and a discussion of the adopted amendments.

OVERVIEW OF THE PROPOSED AMENDMENTS FOR FINAL NOTICE

Today the Board adopts for final notice revisions to the Board's regulations regarding exemptions from air construction and operating permit requirements. The proposal adds one category to the existing list of permit exemptions in Section 201.146. 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201.146. The stated purpose of the proposal is to eliminate the burden of state construction and operating permitting of low emitting emission units and activities for both the Environmental Protection Agency (Agency) and owners and operators of plastic injection molding (PIM) operations.

BACKGROUND

On April 19, 2005, CICI filed this proposal for rulemaking pursuant to Sections 27 and 28 of the Environmental Protection Act (Act) and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 102.202(b). The Board accepted this matter for hearing on May 5, 2005. Section 201.146 contains a list of 59 exemptions based on categories of emission units and activities. The proposed amendment includes PIM operations among the categories of emissions units exempt from state air permitting requirements. The Board notes that is simultaneously adopting for final notice another proposal that amends Section 201.146, entitled <u>Proposed Amendments to Exemptions from State Permitting Requirements (35 Ill. Adm. Code 201.146)</u>, R05-19 (Sept. 15, 2005).

The Board granted CICI's motion to expedite this rulemaking on May 19, 2005. The Board has held two public hearings in this rulemaking. The first hearing was held on July 1, 2005, in Chicago before Hearing Officer Amy Antoniolli and the second hearing was held on July 15, 2005, in Springfield before Hearing Officer John Knittle.¹

Mr. Lynne Harris, Vice-President for Science and Technology of the Society of the Plastics Industry, Incorporated (SPI, Inc.) testified on behalf of CICI. Ms. Lisa Frede, Director of Regulatory Affairs for CICI, testified on CICI's behalf and stated that CICI has 198 member companies with over 54,000 employees. Tr.1 at 15. Ms. Pat Sharkey also testified on CICI's behalf.

Mr. Don Sutton testified on behalf of the Agency. Mr. Sutton is the manager of the permit section, Division of Air Pollution Control, Bureau of Air, since 1991. Mr. Sutton is responsible for issuing construction and operating permits for the Bureau of Air.

There have been two public comments filed in this rulemaking. The first was a correction to the July 1, 2005 hearing transcript filed by the Agency (PC 1), and the second was a post-hearing comment filed by CICI (PC 2). CICI has filed three errate sheets suggesting changes to the proposed rule language.

On January 24, 2006, the Board received notice that Joint Committee on Administrative Rules (JCAR) accepted the second notice in this rulemaking. JCAR considered the rule at the February 14, 2006 JCAR meeting, and subsequently issued a certification of no objection to the rule.

SUMMARY OF FIRST-NOTICE PROPOSAL

As a result of discussions at the first hearing, CICI modified the original rule language to include an annual 5,000 ton limit of resin used in the PIM process. CICI clarified that the limit applied facility-wide to avoid the implication that the 5,000 ton limit could apply to each piece of PIM equipment. At first notice, the Board adopted CICI's proposal, as amended.

¹ The transcripts from the April 12, 2005 hearing will be cited to as "Tr.1 at _," and the transcript from the June 14, 2005 hearing will be cited to as "Tr.2 at _."

DISCUSSION OF SECOND-NOTICE PROPOSAL AND ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

The Board received no public comments during first or second notice. At final adoption, the Board makes the changes received from JCAR, all of which are grammatical and non-substantive and, therefore, require no discussion. Because the Board is simultaneously adopting amendments to the same Part 201 in docket R05-19, the Board re-alphabetizes the proposed exemption in this docket to read (III), rather than (hhh) as proposed, to reflect how the exemptions will appear in 35 III. Adm. Code 201.146.

The Board found at first notice that the proposal did not raise concerns regarding technical feasibility. Nobody testified or commented about DCEO's decision not to perform an economic impact study on this rulemaking.

The proposed exemption adds a new exemption for owners and operators of PIM operations to the existing list of permit exemptions in Section 201.146. 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201.146. The rule language limits the exemption to facilities that use 5,000 tons or less of resin annually in the PIM process. The 5,000-ton limit applies facility-wide rather than to each piece of PIM equipment. Tr.2 at 10.

CONCLUSION

The Board adopts the proposed exemption from state air permitting for final notice. The proposal adds one category to the existing list of permit exemptions in Section 201.146. 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201.146. The Board finds the proposal adopted today is economically reasonable and technically feasible. The Board adopts this proposal for final notice pursuant to the IAPA 95 ILCS 100/5-5 *et seq.* (2004).

ORDER

The Board directs the Clerk to cause the filing of the following rule with the Secretary of State for publication as an adopted rule in the *Illinois Register*:

TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE B: AIR POLLUTION CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD SUBCHAPTER a: PERMITS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS

PART 201 PERMITS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS

SUBPART A: DEFINITIONS

Section	
201.101 Other Def	finitions
201.102 Definition	18
201.103 Abbreviat	tions and Units

201.104 Incorporations by Reference

SUBPART B: GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section

- 201.121 Existence of Permit No Defense
- 201.122 Proof of Emissions
- 201.123 Burden of Persuasion Regarding Exceptions
- 201.124 Annual Report
- 201.125 Severability
- 201.126 Repealer

SUBPART C: PROHIBITIONS

Section

- 201.141 Prohibition of Air Pollution
- 201.142 Construction Permit Required
- 201.143 Operating Permits for New Sources
- 201.144 Operating Permits for Existing Sources
- 201.146 Exemptions from State Permit Requirements
- 201.147 Former Permits
- 201.148 Operation Without Compliance Program and Project Completion Schedule
- 201.149 Operation During Malfunction, Breakdown or Startups
- 201.150 Circumvention
- 201.151 Design of Effluent Exhaust Systems

SUBPART D: PERMIT APPLICATIONS AND REVIEW PROCESS

Section

- 201.152 Contents of Application for Construction Permit
- 201.153 Incomplete Applications (Repealed)
- 201.154 Signatures (Repealed)
- 201.155 Standards for Issuance (Repealed)
- 201.156 Conditions
- 201.157 Contents of Application for Operating Permit
- 201.158 Incomplete Applications
- 201.159 Signatures
- 201.160 Standards for Issuance
- 201.161 Conditions
- 201.162 Duration
- 201.163 Joint Construction and Operating Permits
- 201.164 Design Criteria
- 201.165 Hearings
- 201.166 Revocation
- 201.167 Revisions to Permits
- 201.168 Appeals from Conditions

201.169	Special Provisions for Certain Operating Permits
201 170	Deutshie European Haite

201.170 Portable Emission Units

SUBPART E: SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR OPERATING PERMITS FOR CERTAIN SMALLER SOURCES

Section	
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201.180 Applicability (Repealed)

- 201.181 Expiration and Renewal (Repealed)
- 201.187 Requirement for a Revised Permit (Repealed)

SUBPART F: CAAPP PERMITS

Section	
201.207	Applicability
201.208	Supplemental Information
201.209	Emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants
201.210	Categories of Insignificant Activities or Emission Levels
201.211	Application for Classification as an Insignificant Activity
201.212	Revisions to Lists of Insignificant Activities or Emission Levels

SUBPART G: EXPERIMENTAL PERMITS (Reserved)

SUBPART H: COMPLIANCE PROGRAMS AND PROJECT COMPLETION SCHEDULES

Section

- 201.241 Contents of Compliance Program
- 201.242 Contents of Project Completion Schedule
- 201.243 Standards for Approval
- 201.244 Revisions
- 201.245 Effects of Approval
- 201.246 Records and Reports
- 201.247 Submission and Approval Dates

SUBPART I: MALFUNCTIONS, BREAKDOWNS OR STARTUPS

Section

- 201.261 Contents of Request for Permission to Operate During a Malfunction, Breakdown or Startup
- 201.262 Standards for Granting Permission to Operate During a Malfunction, Breakdown or Startup
- 201.263 Records and Reports
- 201.264 Continued Operation or Startup Prior to Granting of Operating Permit
- 201.265 Effect of Granting of Permission to Operate During a Malfunction, Breakdown or Startup

SUBPART J: MONITORING AND TESTING

Section

201.281 Permit Monitoring Equipment Requirements

201.282 Testing

201.283 Records and Reports

SUBPART K: RECORDS AND REPORTS

Section

201.301 Records

201.302 Reports

SUBPART L: CONTINUOUS MONITORING

Section

- 201.401 Continuous Monitoring Requirements
- 201.402 Alternative Monitoring
- 201.403 Exempt Sources
- 201.404 Monitoring System Malfunction
- 201.405 Excess Emission Reporting
- 201.406 Data Reduction
- 201.407 Retention of Information
- 201.408 Compliance Schedules

201.APPENDIX A	Rule into Section Table
201.APPENDIX B	Section into Rule Table
201.APPENDIX C	Past Compliance Dates

AUTHORITY: Implementing Sections 10, 39, and 39.5 and authorized by Section 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/10, 27, 39, and 39.5].

SOURCE: Adopted as Chapter 2: Air Pollution, Part I: General Provisions, in R71-23, 4 PCB 191, filed and effective April 14, 1972; amended in R78-3 and 4, 35 PCB 75 and 243, at 3 III. Reg.30, p. 124, effective July 28, 1979; amended in R80-5, at 7 III. Reg. 1244, effective January 21, 1983; codified at 7 III. Reg. 13579; amended in R82-1 (Docket A) at 10 III. Reg. 12628, effective July 7, 1986; amended in R87-38 at 13 III. Reg. 2066, effective February 3, 1989; amended in R89-7(A) at 13 III. Reg. 19444, effective December 5, 1989; amended in R89-7(B) at 15 III. Reg. 17710, effective November 26, 1991; amended in R93-11 at 17 III. Reg. 21483, effective December 7, 1993; amended in R94-12 at 18 III. Reg. 15002, effective September 21, 1994; amended in R94-14 at 18 III. Reg. 15760, effective October 17, 1994; amended in R96-17 at 21 III. Reg. 7878, effective June 17, 1997; amended in R98-13 at 22 III. Reg. 11451, effective June 23, 1998; amended in R98-28 at 22 III. Reg. 11823, effective July 31, 1998; amended in R02 -10, at 27 III. Reg. 5820, effective March 21, 2003; amended in R05-20 at 30 III. Reg.

SUBPART C: PROHIBITIONS

Section 201.146 Exemptions from State Permit Requirements

Construction or operating permits, pursuant to Sections 201.142, 201.143 and 201.144 of this Part, are not required for the classes of equipment and activities listed below in this Section. The permitting exemptions in this Section do not relieve the owner or operator of any source from any obligation to comply with any other applicable requirements, including the obligation to obtain a permit pursuant to Sections 9.1(d) and 39.5 of the Act, Sections 165, 173 and 502 of the Clean Air Act or any other applicable permit or registration requirements.

- a) Air contaminant detectors or recorders, combustion controllers or combustion shutoffs;
- b) Air conditioning or ventilating equipment not designed to remove air contaminants generated by or released from associated equipment;
- c) Each fuel burning emission unit for indirect systems and for heating and reheating furnace systems used exclusively for residential, or commercial establishments using gas and/or fuel oil exclusively with a design heat input capacity of less than 14.6 MW (50 mmbtu/hr), except that a permit shall be required for any such emission unit with a design heat input capacity of at least 10 mmbtu/hr that was constructed, reconstructed or modified after June 9, 1989 and that is subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart D;
- d) Each fuel burning emission unit other than those listed in subsection (c) of this Section for direct systems used for comfort heating purposes and indirect heating systems with a design heat input capacity of less than 2930 kW (10 mmbtu/hr);
- e) Internal combustion engines or boilers (including the fuel system) of motor vehicles, locomotives, air craft, watercraft, lifttrucks and other vehicles powered by nonroad engines;
- f) Bench scale laboratory equipment and laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical and physical analysis, including associated laboratory fume hoods, vacuum producing devices and control devices installed primarily to address potential accidental releases;
- g) Coating operations located at a source using not in excess of 18,925 l (5,000 gal) of coating (including thinner) per year;
- h) Any emission unit acquired exclusively for domestic use, except that a permit shall be required for any incinerator and for any fuel combustion emission unit using solid fuel with a design heat input capacity of 14.6 MW (50 mmbtu/hr) or more;

- Any stationary internal combustion engine with a rated power output of less than 1118 kW (1500 horsepower), except that a permit shall be required for any stationary gas turbine engine with a rated heat input at peak load of 10.7 gigajoules/hr (10 mmbtu/hr) or more that is constructed, reconstructed or modified after October 3, 1977 and that is subject to requirements of 40 CFR 60, Subpart GG;
- j) Rest room facilities and associated cleanup operations, and stacks or vents used to prevent the escape of sewer gases through plumbing traps;
- Safety devices designed to protect life and limb, provided that a permit is not otherwise required for the emission unit with which the safety device is associated;
- Storage tanks for liquids for retail dispensing except for storage tanks that are subject to the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 215.583(a)(2), 218.583(a)(2) or 219.583(a)(2);
- Printing operations with aggregate organic solvent usage that never exceeds 2,839
 1 (750 gal) per year from all printing lines at the source, including organic solvent from inks, dilutents, fountain solutions and cleaning materials;
- n) Storage tanks of:
 - Organic liquids with a capacity of less than 37,850 l (10,000 gal), provided the storage tank is not used to store any material listed as a hazardous air pollutant pursuant to Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act, and provided the storage tank is not subject to the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 215.583(a)(2), 218.583(a)(2) or 219.583(a)(2);
 - 2) Any size containing exclusively soaps, detergents, surfactants, waxes, glycerin, vegetable oils, greases, animal fats, sweetener, corn syrup, aqueous salt solutions or aqueous caustic solutions, provided an organic solvent has not been mixed with such materials; or
 - 3) Any size containing virgin or re-refined distillate oil, hydrocarbon condensate from natural gas pipeline or storage systems, lubricating oil or residual fuel oils.
- o) Threaded pipe connections, vessel manways, flanges, valves, pump seals, pressure relief valves, pressure relief devices and pumps;
- p) Sampling connections used exclusively to withdraw materials for testing and analyses;

- q) All storage tanks of Illinois crude oil with capacity of less than 151,400 l (40,000 gal) located on oil field sites;
- r) All organic material-water single or multiple compartment effluent water separator facilities for Illinois crude oil of vapor pressure of less than 34.5 kPa absolute (5 psia);
- s) Grain-handling operations, exclusive of grain-drying operations, with an annual grain through-put not exceeding 300,000 bushels;
- t) Grain-drying operations with a total grain-drying capacity not exceeding 750 bushels per hour for 5% moisture extraction at manufacturer's rated capacity, using the American Society of Agricultural Engineers Standard 248.2, Section 9, Basis for Stating Drying Capacity of Batch and Continuous-Flow Grain Dryers;
- u) Portable grain-handling equipment and one-turn storage space;
- v) Cold cleaning degreasers that are not in-line cleaning machines, where the vapor pressure of the solvents used never exceeds 2 kPa (15 mmHg or 0.3 psi) measured at 38°C (100°F) or 0.7 kPa (5 mmHg or 0.1 psi) at 20°C (68°F);
- w) Coin-operated dry cleaning operations;
- x) Dry cleaning operations at a source that consume less than 30 gallons per month of perchloroethylene;
- y) Brazing, soldering, wave soldering or welding equipment, including associated ventilation hoods;
- Z) Cafeterias, kitchens, and other similar facilities, including smokehouses, used for preparing food or beverages, but not including facilities used in the manufacturing and wholesale distribution of food, beverages, food or beverage products, or food or beverage components;
- aa) Equipment for carving, cutting, routing, turning, drilling, machining, sawing, surface grinding, sanding, planing, buffing, sand blast cleaning, shot blasting, shot peening, or polishing ceramic artwork, leather, metals (other than beryllium), plastics, concrete, rubber, paper stock, wood or wood products, where such equipment is either:
 - 1) Used for maintenance activity;
 - 2) Manually operated;
 - 3) Exhausted inside a building; or

- 4) Vented externally with emissions controlled by an appropriately operated cyclonic inertial separator (cyclone), filter, electro-static precipitor or a scrubber.
- bb) Feed mills that produce no more than 10,000 tons of feed per calendar year, provided that a permit is not otherwise required for the source pursuant to Section 201.142, 201.143 or 201.144;
- cc) Extruders used for the extrusion of metals, minerals, plastics, rubber or wood, excluding:
 - 1) Extruders used in the manufacture of polymers;
 - 2) Extruders using foaming agents or release agents that contain volatile organic materials or Class I or II substances subject to the requirements of Title VI of the Clean Air Act; and
 - 3) Extruders processing scrap material that was produced using foaming agents containing volatile organic materials or Class I or II substances subject to the requirements of Title VI of the Clean Air Act.
- dd) Furnaces used for melting metals, other than beryllium, with a brim full capacity of less than 450 cubic inches by volume;
- ee) Equipment used for the melting or application of less than 22,767 kg/yr (50,000 lbs/yr) of wax to which no organic solvent has been added;
- ff) Equipment used for filling drums, pails or other packaging containers, excluding aerosol cans, with soaps, detergents, surfactants, lubricating oils, waxes, vegetable oils, greases, animal fats, glycerin, sweeteners, corn syrup, aqueous salt solutions or aqueous caustic solutions, provided an organic solvent has not been mixed with such materials;
- gg) Loading and unloading systems for railcars, tank trucks, or watercraft that handle only the following liquid materials: soaps, detergents, surfactants, lubricating oils, waxes, glycerin, vegetable oils, greases, animal fats, sweetener, corn syrup, aqueous salt solutions or aqueous caustic solutions, provided an organic solvent has not been mixed with such materials;
- hh) Equipment used for the mixing and blending of materials at ambient temperatures to make water based adhesives, provided each material mixed or blended contains less than 5% organic solvent by weight;
- ii) Die casting machines where a metal or plastic is formed under pressure in a die located at a source with a throughput of less than 2,000,000 lbs of metal or plastic per year, in the aggregate, from all die casting machines;

- jj) Air pollution control devices used exclusively with other equipment that is exempt from permitting, as provided in this Section;
- kk) An emission unit for which a registration system designed to identify sources and emission units subject to emission control requirements is in place, such as the registration system found at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 218.586 (Gasoline Dispensing Operations - Motor Vehicle Fueling Operations) and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 218, Subpart HH (Motor Vehicle Refinishing);
- 11) Photographic process equipment by which an image is reproduced upon material sensitized to radiant energy;
- mm) Equipment used for hydraulic or hydrostatic testing;
- nn) General vehicle maintenance and servicing activities conducted at a source, motor vehicle repair shops, and motor vehicle body shops, but not including:
 - 1) Gasoline fuel handling; and
 - 2) Motor vehicle refinishing.
- oo) Equipment using water, water and soap or detergent, or a suspension of abrasives in water for purposes of cleaning or finishing, provided no organic solvent has been added to the water;
- pp) Administrative activities including, but not limited to, paper shredding, copying, photographic activities and blueprinting machines. This does not include incinerators;
- qq) Laundry dryers, extractors, and tumblers processing that have been cleaned with water solutions of bleach or detergents that are:
 - 1) Located at a source and process clothing, bedding and other fabric items used at the source, provided that any organic solvent present in such items before processing that is retained from cleanup operations shall be addressed as part of the VOM emissions from use of cleaning materials;
 - 2) Located at a commercial laundry; or
 - 3) Coin operated.
- rr) Housekeeping activities for cleaning purposes, including collecting spilled and accumulated materials, including operation of fixed vacuum cleaning systems specifically for such purposes, but not including use of cleaning materials that contain organic solvent;

- ss) Refrigeration systems, including storage tanks used in refrigeration systems, but excluding any combustion equipment associated with such systems;
- tt) Activities associated with the construction, on-site repair, maintenance or dismantlement of buildings, utility lines, pipelines, wells, excavations, earthworks and other structures that do not constitute emission units;
- uu) Piping and storage systems for natural gas, propane and liquefied petroleum gas;
- vv) Water treatment or storage systems, as follows:
 - 1) Systems for potable water or boiler feedwater;
 - 2) Systems, including cooling towers, for process water, provided that such water has not been in direct or indirect contact with process streams that contain volatile organic material or materials listed as hazardous air pollutants pursuant to Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act.
- ww) Lawn care, landscape maintenance and grounds keeping activities;
- xx) Containers, reservoirs or tanks used exclusively in dipping operations to coat objects with oils, waxes or greases, provided no organic solvent has been mixed with such materials;
- yy) Use of consumer products, including hazardous substances as that term is defined in the Federal Hazardous Substances Act (15 <u>USC</u> U.S.C. 1261 et seq.), where the product is used at a source in the same manner as normal consumer use;
- zz) Activities directly used in the diagnosis and treatment of disease, injury or other medical condition;
- aaa) Activities associated with the construction, repair or maintenance of roads or other paved or open areas, including operation of street sweepers, vacuum trucks, spray trucks and other vehicles related to the control of fugitive emissions of such roads or other areas;
- bbb) Storage and handling of drums or other transportable containers, where the containers are sealed during storage and handling;
- ccc) Activities at a source associated with the maintenance, repair or dismantlement of an emission unit or other equipment installed at the source, not including the shutdown of the unit or equipment, including preparation for maintenance, repair or dismantlement, and preparation for subsequent startup, including preparation of a shutdown vessel for entry, replacement of insulation, welding and cutting, and steam purging of a vessel prior to startup;

- ddd) Equipment used for corona arc discharge surface treatment of plastic with a power rating of 5 kW or less or equipped with an ozone destruction device;
- eee) Equipment used to seal or cut plastic bags for commercial, industrial or domestic use;
- fff) Each direct-fired gas dryer used for a washing, cleaning, coating or printing line, excluding:
 - 1) Dryers with a rated heat input capacity of 2930 kW (10 mmbtu/hr) or more; and
 - 2) Dryers for which emissions other than those attributable to combustion of fuel in the dryer, including emissions attributable to use or application of cleaning agents, washing materials, coatings or inks or other process materials that contain volatile organic material are not addressed as part of the permitting of such line, if a permit is otherwise required for the line; and
- ggg) Municipal solid waste landfills with a maximum total design capacity of less than 2.5 million Mg or 2.5 million m³ that are not required to install a gas collection and control system pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 220 or 800 through 849 or Section 9.1 of the Act<u>; and -</u>
- III) Plastic injection molding equipment with an annual through-put not exceeding 5,000 tons of plastic resin in the aggregate from all plastic injection molding equipment at the source, and all associated plastic resin loading, unloading, conveying, mixing, storage, grinding, and drying equipment and associated mold release and mold cleaning agents.

(Source: Amended at 30 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

IT IS SO ORDERED.

I, Dorothy M. Gunn, Clerk of the Illinois Pollution Control Board, certify that the Board adopted the above opinion and order on March 2, 2006, by a vote of 4-0.

Dretty Mr. Sunn

Dorothy M. Gunn, Clerk Illinois Pollution Control Board